

# Code size compiler optimizations and techniques for embedded systems

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# Code size compiler optimizations and techniques

Compiler optimizations	Flags Optimizations to enable
C++ Library optimizations	Reduce Inlining Template instantiations
Source code optimizations	Code restructuring and annotations Using cheaper data structures and algorithms
Getting insights into source code	Compiler instrumentation Moving less frequently used features into a shared library
Compiler optimizations yet to be implemented in LLVM	Loop idiom Split function before inlining etc.



# Code size optimization flags

- -Os
- -Oz
- -Wl,--strip-all (Or do not pass `-g` flag)
- -fno-function-sections
- -fno-unroll-loops
- -fno-exceptions
- -fno-rtti
- -fno-jump-tables

# Compiler Optimizations to enable

lto (-f`lto`)

thin-lto (-f`lto=thin` llvm)

Identical Code Folding

- fmerge functions (llvm)
- mllvm -enable-merge-sim-functions (llvm <https://reviews.llvm.org/D52896>)

GVNHoist (-mllvm --enable-gvnhoist)

GVNSink (-mllvm --enable-gvnsink)

Machine outliner (-mllvm -enable-machine-outliner)

Hot cold splitting (-mllvm -hot-cold-split)

Play with inliner threshold

- mllvm -inline-threshold=n

# C++ Library optimizations

Widely used C++ libraries have function definitions in header files

- `libstdc++`, `libc++`, `boost`, `eigen`

Explicit template instantiations

- Reduces code size
- Reduces compile time

Function attributes

- `__attribute__((noinline))` to commonly used functions

# Source code level optimizations

Code refactoring

Source code annotations to help compiler

Using cheaper data structures

Using cheaper algorithms

# Source code level optimizations

## Code refactoring

### Moving function definitions to .c/.cpp file

- Functions in header file can get inlined and contribute to code-size

### C++ code

- Constructors (Copy, Move etc.)
- Destructors
- Operator overloading
- Explicit instantiations of templates

# Source code level optimizations

## Source code annotations

### Function attributes

- `__attribute__((cold))`
- `__attribute__((noinline))`

### C++ code

- `pragma clang optimize off/on`
  - Careful while putting in .h file
- `pragma clang attribute push(__attribute__((noinline)), apply_to = function)`



# Source code level optimizations

Using cheaper data structures

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## Commonly used

## Cheaper alternative

`std::vector,`  
`std::deque`

`std::list,`  
`std::array`

`std::unordered_map,`  
`std::unordered_set`

`std::map,` `std::set`

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# Source code optimizations

```
// clang++ -Oz test.cpp -o test.o, 13976 bytes
#include<map>
int main() {
    std::map<int, int> m;
    m[10] = 100;
    return m[0];
}
```


```
// clang++ -Oz test.cpp -o test.o, 15140 bytes
#include<unordered_map>
int main() {
    std::unordered_map<int, int> m;
    m[10] = 100;
    return m[0];
}
```

```
// clang++ -Oz test.cpp -o test.o, 12960 bytes
#include<list>
int main() {
    std::list<int> l;
    for (int i = 0; i < 1000; ++i)
        l.push_back(i);
    return *l.begin();
}
```

```
// clang++ -Oz test.cpp -o test.o, 14308 bytes
#include<vector>
int main() {
    std::vector<int> v;
    for (int i = 0; i < 1000; ++i)
        v.push_back(i);
    return v[0];
}
```

# Source code level optimizations

Using cheaper algorithms



Why even  
sort?

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<b>Commonly used</b>	<b>Cheaper alternative</b>
Quick sort	Bubble sort
Binary search	Linear search

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# Source code level optimizations

## Using standard library algorithms

```
// 10 instructions in assembly at -Oz, 90 instructions at -O3
void mymemcpy(int *p, int *q, int sz) {
    for (int i = 0; i < sz; ++i)
        p[i] = q[i];
}
```

```
memcpy(int*, int*, int):
    movsxd rax, edx
    xor ecx, ecx
.LBB0_1: # =>This Inner Loop Header: Depth=1
    cmp rcx, rax
    jge .LBB0_2
    mov edx, dword ptr [rsi + 4*rcx]
    mov dword ptr [rdi + 4*rcx], edx
    inc rcx
    jmp .LBB0_1
.LBB0_2:
    ret
```

```
// 2 instructions in assembly
#include<cstring>
void mcpy(int *p, int *q, int sz) {
    memcpy(p, q, sz);
}
```

```
mcpy(int*, int*, int):
    movsxd rdx, edx
    jmp memcpy # TAILCALL
```

# Getting insights into source code

## Function entry instrumentation

- -finstrument-functions
- -fpatchable-function-entry

## Cheap function entry instrumentation

- Very low overhead function entry instrumentation
- Lock free
- (Patch in review:  
<https://reviews.llvm.org/D74362>)

# Getting insights into source code

- Moving less frequently used features into a shared library
  - Reduces the time to launch the program
- Compressing less frequently used code
  - libzlg (<https://libzlg.bitsnbites.eu/>) has low memory footprint and decoding is fast
- Compress sections (elfcompress)
- Strip symbols (llvm-strip)

# Code size optimizations (yet to be implemented in llvm)

Outline prologue and epilogue

Short int

Support for attributes and pragmas

- `__attribute__((optsize))`
- `pragma GCC optimize("Os")`

Basic Block Reordering to minimize code size

Split function before inlining

- Fuse hot cold splitting with inliner

De-duplicate code from sibling branches PR47215

# Code size optimizations (yet to be implemented in llvm)

## Rename functions to take advantage of linker deduplication

- `int get_my_favorite_int() { return 10; } // rename to f_returns_10();`
- `int get_dec_base() { return 10; } // rename to f_returns_10();`

## Loop idiom recognition\*

- `memset`
- `memcpy`

\* Even `memcpy`, `memset` aren't recognized by clang: <https://godbolt.org/z/d5Mxea>



# References

- <https://reviews.llvm.org/D52896>
- <https://reviews.llvm.org/D74362>
- ``man gcc``
- ``clang -help-hidden``
- ``man elfcompress``
- ``llvm-strip --help``