

Effective Compilation of Higher-Order Programs

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<http://compilers.cs.uni-saarland.de>

<https://github.com/AnyDSL/thorin>

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Introduction

Intermediate Representations (IRs)

imperative languages C, Fortran, ...

- instruction lists + CFGs
 - LLVM
 - GIMPLE (gcc)

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functional languages Haskell, ML, ...

- λ -calculus
 - Core (GHC)
 - Lambda IR (OCaml)
 - Continuation Passing Style (CPS) [Appel06]

Motivation: Post-Order Visit

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struct Node {
    int data;
    Node* left;
    Node* right;
};

void post_order_visit(Node* n) {
    if (n->left)
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2. Higher-order Functions

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Compiling

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clang -O3 -fno-exceptions
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post_order_visit with clang -O3 -fno-exceptions

print with clang -O3 -fno-exceptions

Working with higher-order Functions

- A *Graph-Based Higher-Order Intermediate Representation*
Lei̢sa, K̢ster, and Hack.
CGO 2015

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- *A Graph-Based Higher-Order Intermediate Representation*
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 - *Shallow Embedding of DSLs via Online Partial Evaluation*
Lei  a, Boesche, Hack, Membarth, and Slusallek.
GPCE 2015.

Closure Conversion

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void range(int a, int b,
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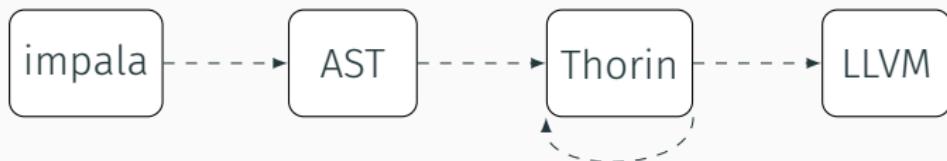
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(Scalar Replacement of Aggregates)
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- fails for recursive higher-order functions like
 - `range`
 - `post_order_visit`

Closure Conversion



- reimplement for every front-end
- taints the IR with **implementation** of higher-order functions
 - bloats the IR
 - set of finely tuned analyses & transformations needed for optimization

Closure Conversion



- Thorin = higher-order + CPS + "sea of nodes"
- directly translate higher-order functions and calls to Thorin
- keep higher-order functions till late during compilation
- powerful closure-elimination phase

Thorin

SSA-Form

```
int foo(int n) {  
    int a;  
    if (n==0) {  
        a = 23;  
    } else {  
        a = 42;  
    }  
  
    return a;  
}
```

SSA-Form

```
int foo(int n) {  
    int a;  
    if (n==0) {  
        a = 23;  
    } else {  
        a = 42;  
    }  
  
    return a;  
}
```

```
int foo(int n) {  
    branch(n==0, then, else)  
then:  
    goto next;  
else:  
    goto next;  
next:  
    int a =  $\phi$ (23 [then], 42 [else]);  
    return a;  
}
```

```
int foo(int n) {
    branch(n==0, then, else)
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    int a =  $\phi$ (23 [then], 42 [else]);
    return a;
}
```

```
int foo(int n) {  
    branch(n==0, then, else)  
then:  
    goto next;  
else:  
    goto next;  
next:  
    int a = φ(23 [then], 42 [else]);  
    return a;  
}
```

```
foo(n: int, ret: int → ⊥) → ⊥:  
let  
    then() → ⊥:  
        next(23)  
    else() → ⊥:  
        next(42)  
    next(a: int) → ⊥:  
        ret(a)  
in  
    branch(n==0, then, else)
```

Thorin

```
foo(n: int, ret: int → ⊥) → ⊥:  
  let  
    then() → ⊥:  
      next(23)  
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Thorin

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      next(42)  
    next(a: int) → ⊥:  
      ret(a)  
  in  
  branch(n==0, then, else)
```

```
foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):  
  n==0  
  branch(•, then, else)
```

```
then():
```

```
  next(23)
```

```
else():
```

```
  next(42)
```

```
next(a: int):
```

```
  ret(a)
```

Thorin

```
foo(n: int, ret: int → ⊥) → ⊥:  
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    next(a: int) → ⊥:  
      ret(a)  
  in  
  branch(n==0, then, else)
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then():
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```
  next(23)
```

```
else():
```

```
  next(42)
```

```
next(a: int):
```

```
  ret(a)
```

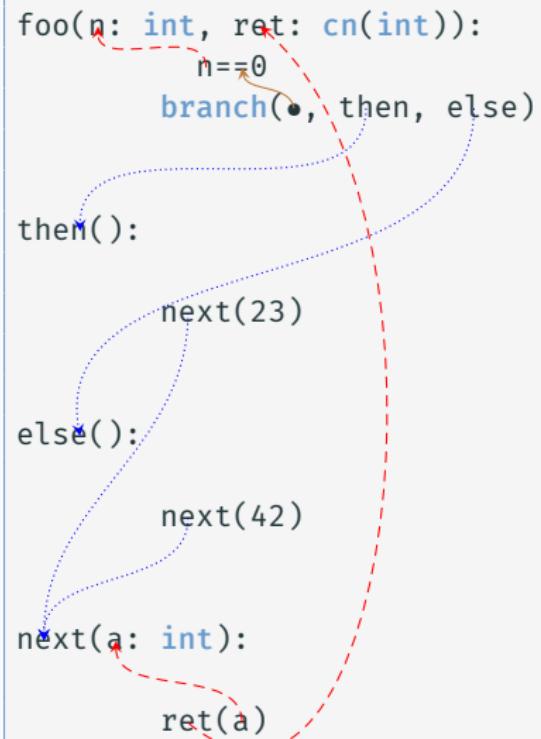
Thorin

```
foo(n: int, ret: int → ⊥) → ⊥:  
let  
    then() → ⊥:  
        next(23)  
    else() → ⊥:  
        next(42)  
    next(a: int) → ⊥:  
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```
foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):  
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Thorin

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foo(n: int, ret: int → ⊥) → ⊥:  
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    next(a: int) → ⊥:  
        ret(a)  
in  
branch(n==0, then, else)
```



Classic CPS vs Thorin

Classic CPS

Thorin

Classic CPS vs Thorin

Classic CPS	Thorin
let	graph edge (acyclic graph)
letrec	graph edge (cyclic graph)

Classic CPS vs Thorin

Classic CPS	Thorin
let	graph edge (acyclic graph)
letrec	graph edge (cyclic graph)
block nesting	implicit
name resolution	graph edge
name capture	-

SSA vs Thorin

```
int foo(int n) {  
    branch(n==0, then, else)  
then:  
    goto next;  
else:  
    goto next;  
next:  
    int a = φ(23 [then], 42 [else]);  
    return a;  
}
```

```
foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):  
    branch(n==0, then, else)  
then():  
    next(23)  
else():  
    next(42)  
next(a: int):  
    ret(a)
```

continuation

SSA vs Thorin

```
int foo(int n) {
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then:
    goto next;
else:
    goto next;
next:
    int a = φ(23 [then], 42 [else]);
    return a;
}
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```
foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then():
    next(23)
else():
    next(42)
next(a: int):
    ret(a)
```

parameter

continuation

SSA vs Thorin

```
int foo(int n) {
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then:
    goto next;
else:
    goto next;
next:
    int a = φ(23 [then], 42 [else]);
    return a;
}
```

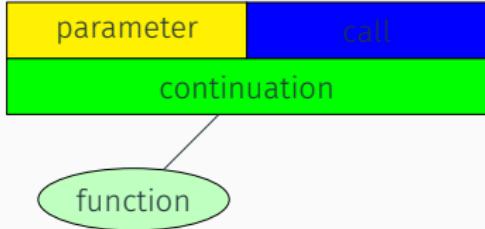
```
foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then():
    next(23)
else():
    next(42)
next(a: int):
    ret(a)
```



SSA vs Thorin

```
int foo(int n) {
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then:
    goto next;
else:
    goto next;
next:
    int a = φ(23 [then], 42 [else]);
    return a;
}
```

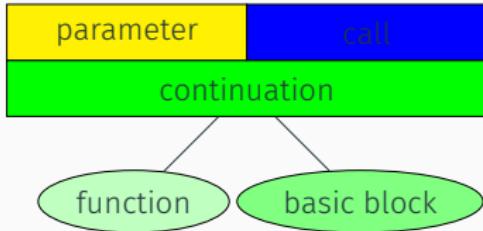
```
foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then():
    next(23)
else():
    next(42)
next(a: int):
    ret(a)
```



SSA vs Thorin

```
int foo(int n) {
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then:
    goto next;
else:
    goto next;
next:
    int a = φ(23 [then], 42 [else]);
    return a;
}
```

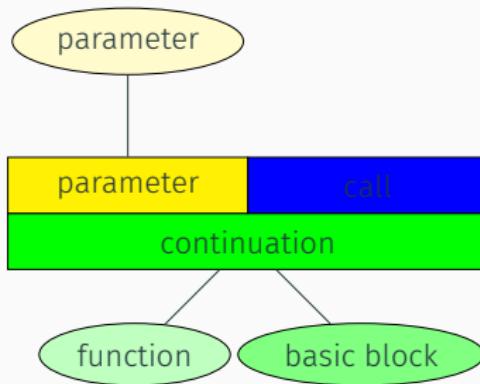
```
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    next(23)
else():
    next(42)
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SSA vs Thorin

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    branch(n==0, then, else)
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next:
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    return a;
}
```

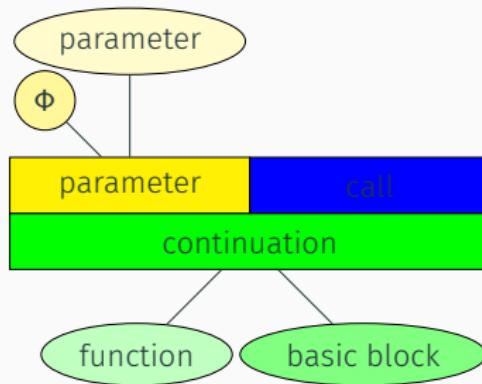
```
foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then():
    next(23)
else():
    next(42)
next(a: int):
    ret(a)
```



SSA vs Thorin

```
int foo(int n) {
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then:
    goto next;
else:
    goto next;
next:
    int a =  $\phi$ (23 [then], 42 [else]);
    return a;
}
```

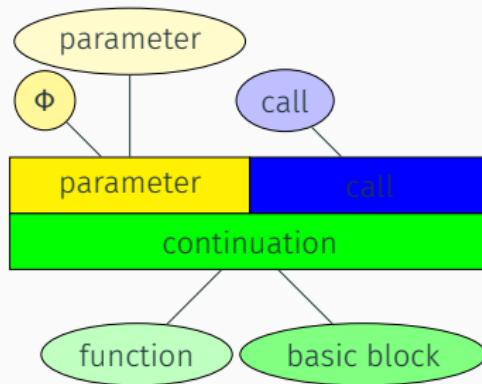
```
foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):
    branch(n==0, then, else)
then():
    next(23)
else():
    next(42)
next(a: int):
    ret(a)
```



SSA vs Thorin

```
int foo(int n) {
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    return a;
}
```

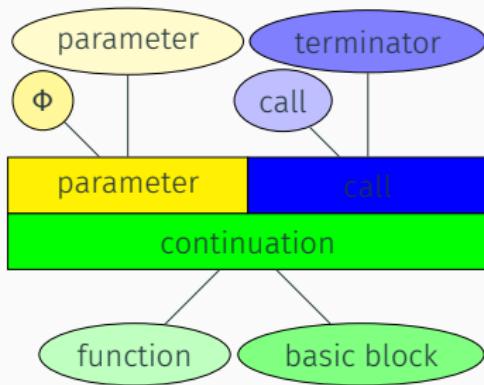
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foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):
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SSA vs Thorin

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    return a;
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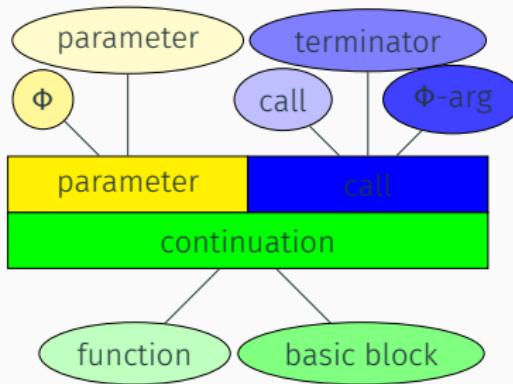
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SSA vs Thorin

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```

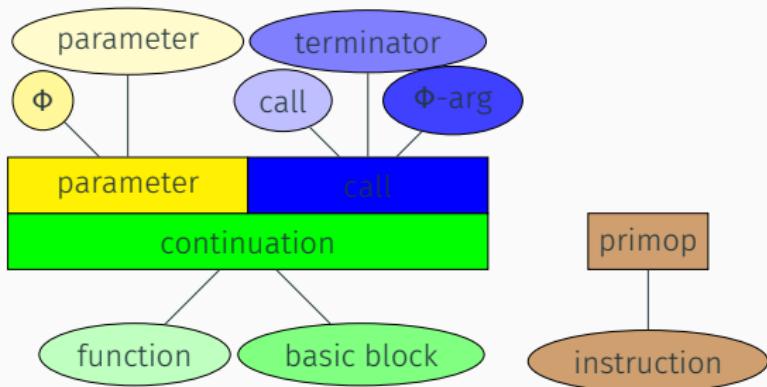
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foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):  
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    next(23)  
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SSA vs Thorin

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```



Lambda Mangling

Control-Flow Form

```
int foo(int n) {  
    branch(n==0, then, else)  
then:  
    goto next;  
else:  
    goto next;  
next:  
    int a = φ(23 [then], 42 [else]);  
    return a;  
}
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foo(n: int, ret: cn(int)):  
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-
- Thorin program in CFF if

Control-Flow Form

```
int foo(int n) {  
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- Thorin program in CFF if
 - first-order continuation \Rightarrow basic block

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-
- Thorin program in CFF if
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 - top-level, continuation with “return” \Rightarrow function

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then():
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else():
    next(42)
next(a: int):
    ret(a)
```

- Thorin program in CFF if
 - first-order continuation \Rightarrow basic block
 - top-level, continuation with “return” \Rightarrow function
- straightforward to translate to SSA form [Kelsey95]
- no closures needed

Not in CFF

```
void range(int a, int b, function<void(int)> f) {  
    //...  
    range(a+1, b, f);  
}
```

```
range(a: int, b: int, f: cn(int, cn()), ret: cn()):  
    /*  
     * ...  
     */  
    range(a+1, b, f, ret)
```

CFF-convertible if

- recursion-free or
- tail-recursive

Not in CFF

```
void range(int a, int b, function<void(int)> f) {  
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CFF-convertible if

- recursion-free or
- tail-recursive

Not in CFF

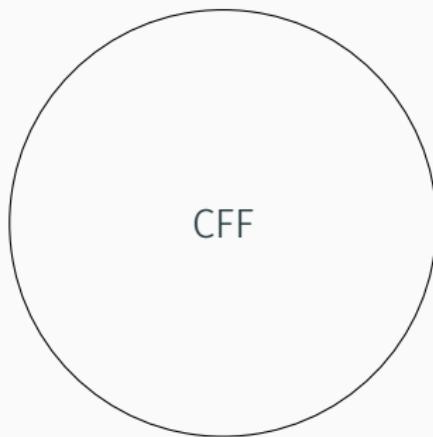
```
void range(int a, int b, function<void(int)> f) {  
    //...  
    range(a+1, b, f);  
}
```

```
range(a: int, b: int, f: cn(int, cn()), ret: cn()):  
    /*  
     * ...  
     */  
    range(a+1, b, f, ret)
```

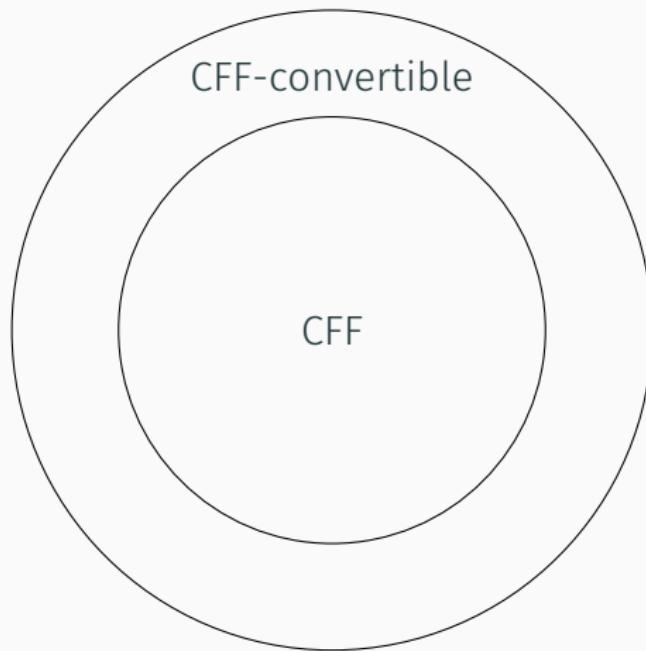
CFF-convertible if

- recursion-free or
- tail-recursive

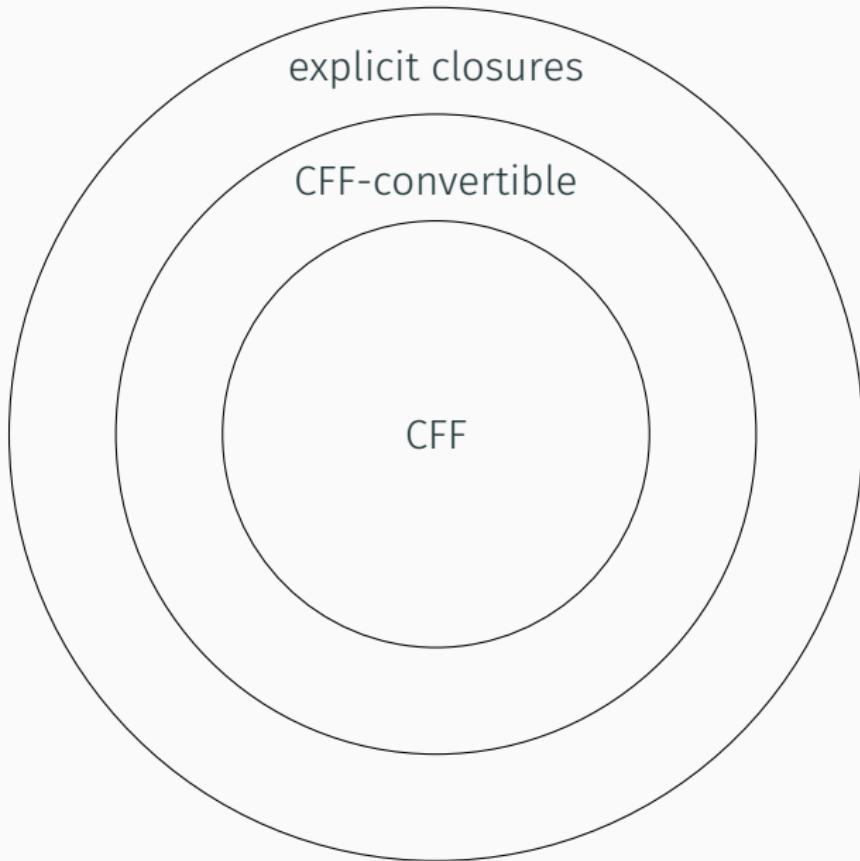
Classes of Thorin Programs



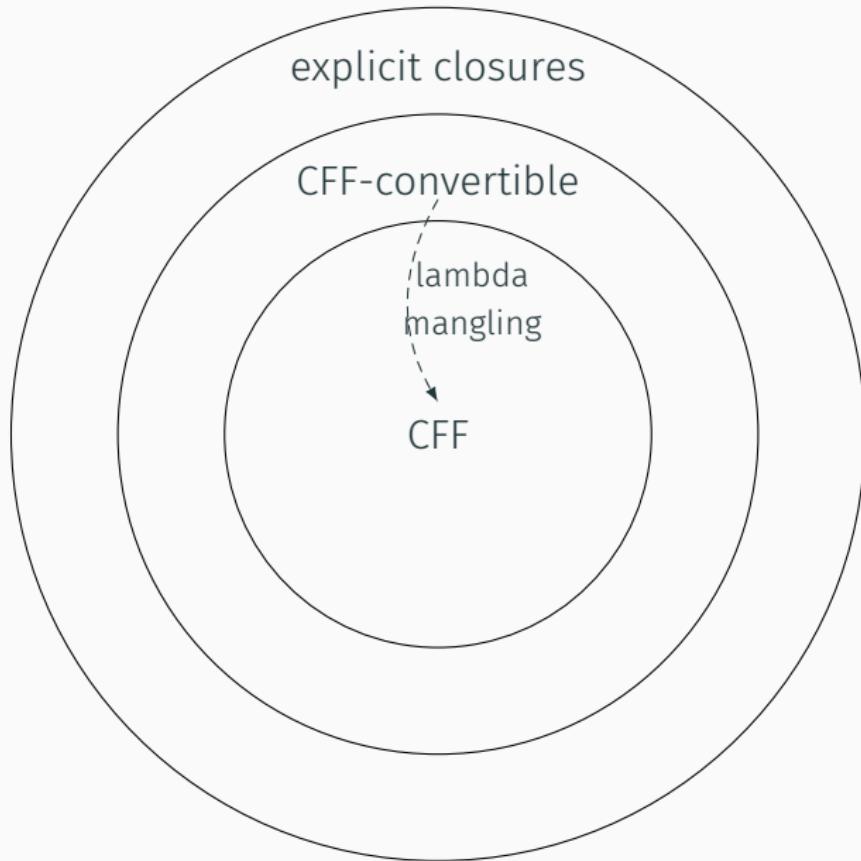
Classes of Thorin Programs



Classes of Thorin Programs



Classes of Thorin Programs



Lambda Mangling = partial inlining/outlining

- (partial) inlining
- (partial) outlining

Lambda Mangling = partial inlining/outlining

- (partial) inlining
- (partial) outlining
- clone basic blocks/functions

Lambda Mangling = partial inlining/outlining

- (partial) inlining
- (partial) outlining
- clone basic blocks/functions
- loop peeling
- loop unrolling

Lambda Mangling = partial inlining/outlining

- (partial) inlining
- (partial) outlining
- clone basic blocks/functions
- loop peeling
- loop unrolling
- tail-recursion elimination
- ...

Impala

Impala

```
fn post_order_visit(n: &Node, f: fn(int) -> ()) -> () {
    if n.left != nil {
        post_order_visit(n.left, f);
    }
    if n.right != nil {
        post_order_visit(n.right, f);
    }
    f(n.data)
}

fn print(n: &Node) -> () {
    post_order_visit(n, |d| {
        println(d);
    });
}
```

Impala

```
fn post_order_visit(n: &Node, f: fn(int) -> ()) -> () {
    if n.left != nil {
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Impala

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Impala

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}

fn print(n: &Node) -> () {
    post_order_visit(n, |d| {
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```

Impala - **for** Syntax

```
fn post_order_visit(n: &Node, f: fn(int) -> ()) -> () {
    if n.left != nil {
        post_order_visit(n.left, f);
    }
    if n.right != nil  {
        post_order_visit(n.right, f);
    }
    f(n.data)
}

fn print(n: &Node) -> () {
    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
        println(d);
    }
}
```

Impala - sum

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
    let mut result = 0;

    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
        result += d
    }

    println(result);
}
```

Impala - sum

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
    let mut result = 0;

    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
        result += d
    }

    println(result);
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```

Impala - sum

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
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    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
        result += d
    }

    println(result);
}
```

Impala - `return` is the new `continue`

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
    let mut result = 0;

    post_order_visit(n, |d| {
        if d == 23 {
            return()
        }
        result += d
    })

    println(result);
}
```

Impala - `return` is the new `continue`

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
    let mut result = 0;

    post_order_visit(n, |d| {
        if d == 23 {
            return()
        }
        result += d
    })

    println(result);
}
```

Impala - `return` is the new `continue`

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
    let mut result = 0;

    post_order_visit(n, |d| {
        if d == 23 {
            return()
        }
        result += d
    }

    println(result);
}
```

Impala - `return` is the new `continue`

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
    let mut result = 0;

    post_order_visit(n, |d| {
        if d == 23 {
            return()
        }
        result += d
    }

    println(result);
}
```

Impala - continue is the new return

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
    let mut result = 0;

    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
        if d == 23 {
            continue()
        }
        result += d
    }

    println(result);
}
```

Impala - Give me a **break**, please!

```
fn sum(n: &Node) -> () {
    let mut result = 0;

    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
        if d == 23 {
            break()
        }
        result += d
    }

    println(result);
}
```

Impala

```
fn post_order_visit(n: &Node, f: fn(int) -> ()) -> () {
    if n.left != nil {
        post_order_visit(n.left, f);
    }
    if n.right != nil  {
        post_order_visit(n.right, f);
    }
    f(n.data)
}

fn print(n: &Node) -> () {
    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
        println(result);
    }
}
```

Impala

```
fn post_order_visit(n: &Node, f: fn(int) -> ()) -> () {
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        post_order_visit(n.left, f);
    }
    if n.right != nil {
        post_order_visit(n.right, f);
    }
    f(n.data)
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fn print(n: &Node) -> () {
    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
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    }
    f(n.data)
}

fn print(n: &Node) -> () {
    for d in post_order_visit(n) {
        println(result);
    }
}
```

Generated LLVM (1)

```
define internal void @post_order_visit_392(%Node* %n_394) {
post_order_visit_392_start:
    br label %post_order_visit

post_order_visit:
    %0 = getelementptr inbounds %0, %Node* %n_394, i32 0, i32 1
    %1 = load %Node*, %Node** %0
    %2 = icmp ne %Node* %1, null
    br i1 %2, label %if_then, label %if_else

if_then:
    call void @post_order_visit_392(%Node* %1)
    br label %next

if_else:
    br label %next
; ...
```

Generated LLVM (1)

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define internal void @post_order_visit_392(%Node* %n_394) {
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    br label %post_order_visit

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    br i1 %2, label %if_then, label %if_else

if_then:
    call void @post_order_visit_392(%Node* %1)
    br label %next

if_else:
    br label %next
; ...
```

Generated LLVM (2)

```
; ...

next:
%3 = getelementptr inbounds %0, %Node* %n_394, i32 0, i32 2
%4 = load %Node*, %Node** %3
%5 = icmp ne %Node* %4, null
br i1 %5, label %if_then2, label %if_else1

if_then2:
call void @post_order_visit_392(%Node* %4)
br label %next3

if_else1:
br label %next3

next3:
%6 = getelementptr inbounds %0, %Node* %n_394, i32 0, i32 0
%7 = load i32, i32* %6
call void @println(i32 %7)
ret void
}
```

Generated LLVM (2)

```
; ...

next:
%3 = getelementptr inbounds %0, %Node* %n_394, i32 0, i32 2
%4 = load %Node*, %Node** %3
%5 = icmp ne %Node* %4, null
br i1 %5, label %if_then2, label %if_else1

if_then2:
call void @post_order_visit_392(%Node* %4)
br label %next3

if_else1:
br label %next3

next3:
%6 = getelementptr inbounds %0, %Node* %n_394, i32 0, i32 0
%7 = load i32, i32* %6
call void @println(i32 %7)
ret void
}
```

Generated LLVM (2)

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; ...

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ret void
}
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Generated LLVM (2)

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call void @println(i32 %7)
ret void
}
```

Generated LLVM (2)

```
; ...

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%3 = getelementptr inbounds %0, %Node* %n_394, i32 0, i32 2
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br i1 %5, label %if_then2, label %if_else1

if_then2:
call void @post_order_visit_392(%Node* %4)
br label %next3

if_else1:
br label %next3

next3:
%6 = getelementptr inbounds %0, %Node* %n_394, i32 0, i32 0
%7 = load i32, i32* %6
call void @println(i32 %7)
ret void
}
```

Evaluation

Benchmarks – The Computer Language Benchmark Game¹

	runtime in ms	
	C	Impala
aobench	1.220	1.357
fannkuch-redux	27.137	28.070
fasta	2.313	1.517
mandelbrot	2.143	2.113
meteor-contest	0.047	0.043
n-body	5.497	6.130
pidigits	0.710	0.763
regex	6.477	6.470
reverse-complement	1.090	1.220
spectral-norm	4.423	4.480

¹<https://benchmarksgame.alioth.debian.org/>

Benchmarks – The Computer Language Benchmark Game¹

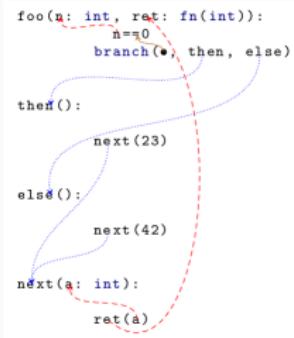
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- high-order IR does not “hurt” performance
- all closures removed

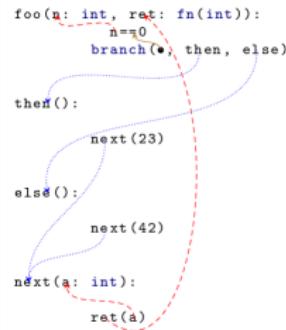
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Summary

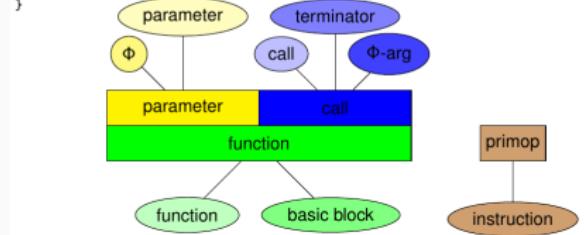
Conclusions



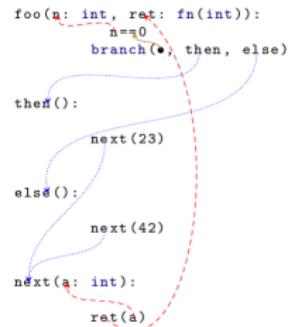
Conclusions



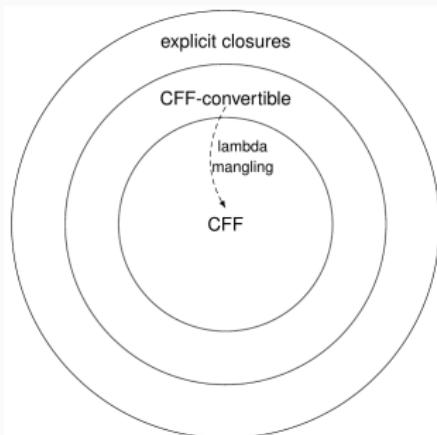
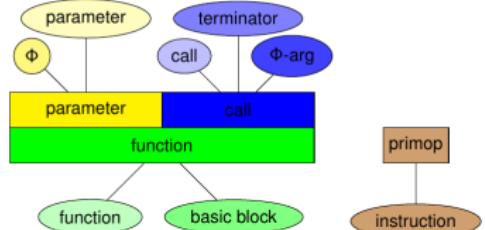
```
int foo(int n) {
    branch(n==0, then, else)
    then:
        goto next;
    else:
        goto next;
    next:
        int a = o(23 [then], 42 [else]);
        return a;
}
```



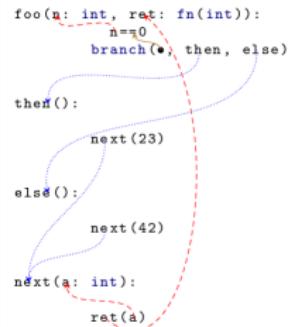
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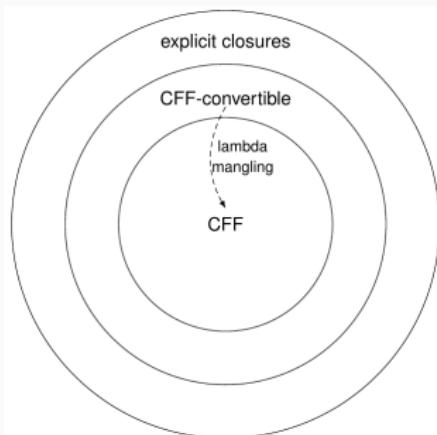
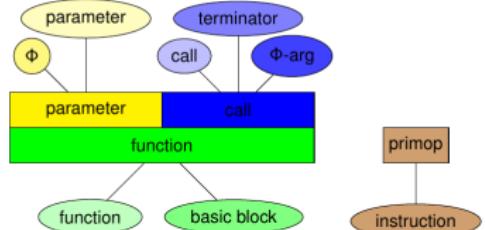
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    branch(n==0, then, else)
    then:
        goto next;
    else:
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    next:
        int a = o(23 [then], 42 [else]);
        return a;
}
```



Conclusions



```
int foo(int n) {
    branch(n==0, then, else)
    then:
        goto next;
    else:
        goto next;
    next:
        int a = o(23 [then], 42 [else]);
        return a;
}
```



Thank you!
Questions?