

Eduardo Blázquez

EUROLLVM 2023



USING MLIR FOR DALVIK BYTECODE ANALYSIS

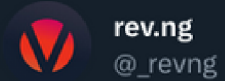


Motivation

Compiling Ruby with MLIR

Compiling Ruby with MLIR MLIR tutorial

Alex Denisov, LLVM Social Berlin, August 2022



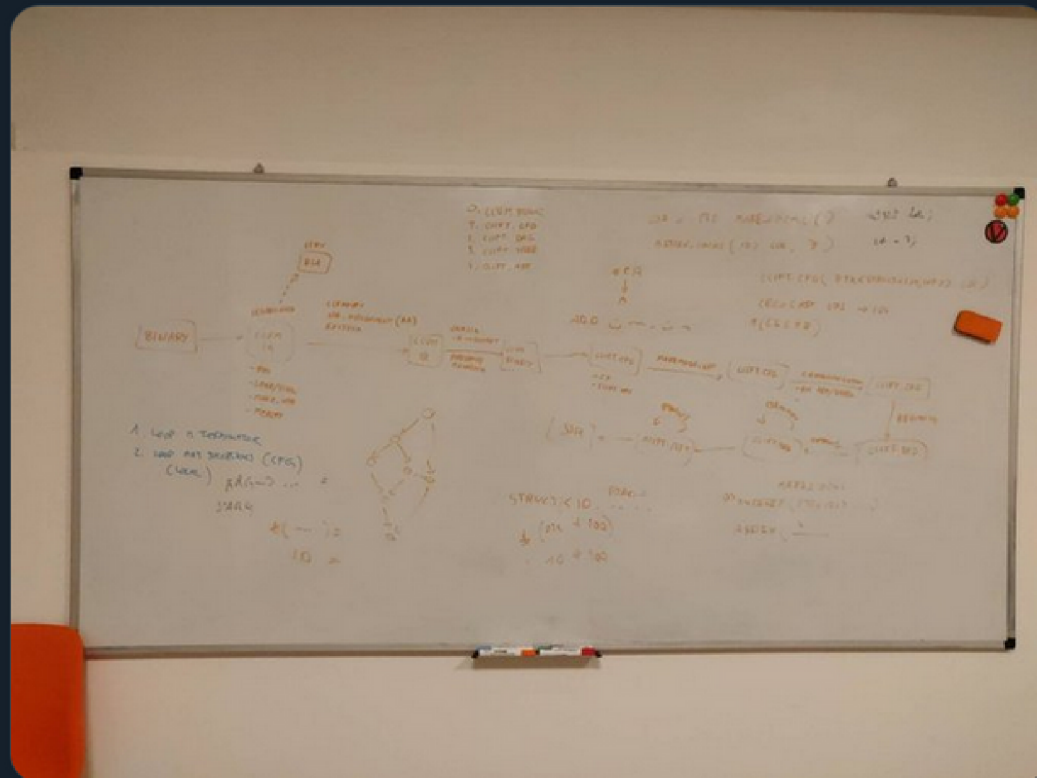
rev.ng
@_revng

Today starts the on-site #MLIR week.

We're designing a new dialect, clift, that will replace the C backend of our decompiler.

Long gone are the days when we abused LLVM to stuff in custom opcodes and types.

Once again, gotta thank @clattner_llvm and the LLVM project.



rev.ng clift (MLIR Dialect)

Static Binary Analysis

Binary/Bytecode

```
62000300
70200900
08006e10
0b000800
0a000000
```

Disassembly

Baksmali

Assembly/Smali

```
00000000 new-instance v8, Scanner
00000004 sget-object v0, System;->in
00000008 invoke-direct {v8, v0}, Scanner-><init>
0000000e invoke-virtual {v8}, Scanner->nextInt()
00000014 move-result v0
00000016 nop
```

Binary Lifting

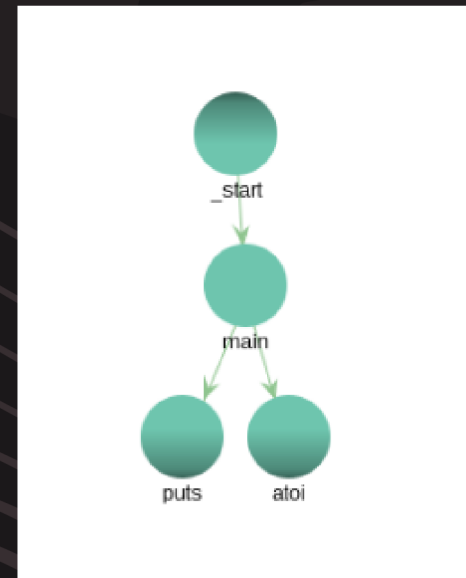
IR Code

```
%_c1.addr = alloca ptr, align 8
%_c2.addr = alloca ptr, align 8
store ptr %_c1, ptr %_c1.addr, align 8
store ptr %_c2, ptr %_c2.addr, align 8
%0 = load ptr, ptr %_c1.addr, align 8
%1 = load i8, ptr %0, align 1
%conv = sext i8 %1 to i32
%2 = load ptr, ptr %_c2.addr, align 8
%3 = load i8, ptr %2, align 1
%conv1 = sext i8 %3 to i32
%cmp = icmp eq i32 %conv, %conv1
ret.i1 %cmp
```

Decompilation

Pseudocode

```
ref = new Scanner(System.in);
iVar2 = ref.nextInt();
iVar4 = iVar2 + 10;
iVar3 = ref.nextInt();
Main.field_int = iVar3;
bVar1 = Main.field_boolean;
iVar3 = Main.field_int;
```



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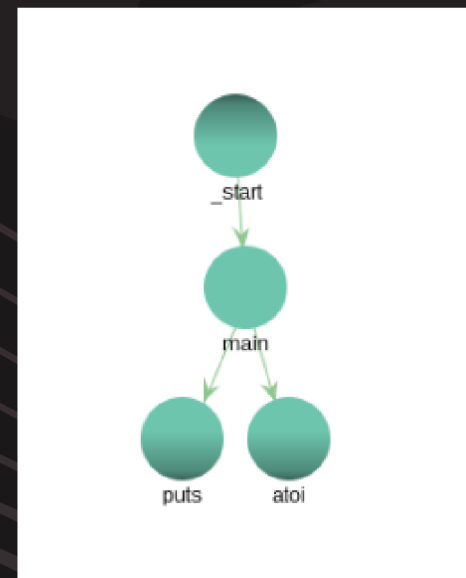
IR Code

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%__c2.addr = alloca ptr, align 8
store ptr %__c1, ptr %__c1.addr, align 8
store ptr %__c2, ptr %__c2.addr, align 8
%0 = load ptr, ptr %__c1.addr, align 8
%1 = load i8, ptr %0, align 1
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```



- Visual representation
- Useful for analysts
- Needs from patterns and heuristics

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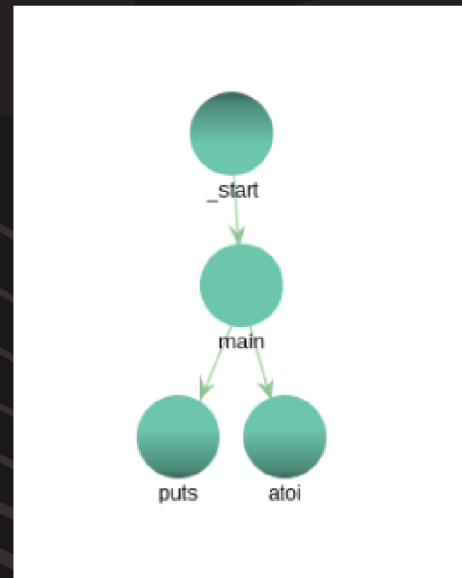
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```



- It can be represented in SSA form
- Easier analysis than assembly
- Many existing and useful frameworks for working with IR (e.g., llvm IR)
- Topic of this talk

Dalvik Bytecode



- Dalvik is a virtual machine register-based (64k virtual registers of 32 bits)
- Adjacent registers can be used for representing 64 bit values
- References to strings, fields, methods and classes are done through index values
- Pseudo-instructions and Instructions with side effects handled (e.g., exceptions) by the ART Runtime
- Virtual Registers do not have type specified, this can be inferred from instruction (represented by a suffix) or by the instruction type.
- More than 270 operation codes for the different instructions from Dalvik

Dalvik Bytecode

```
double Main->test(int)
BB-Start Block
BB-0
00000000  00 00          nop
00000002  da 05 05 28   mul-int/lit8 v5, v5, 40
0000000a  52 45 02 00   iget v5, v4, LMain;->r I (2)
0000000e  83 50         int-to-double v0, v5
0000001a  71 20 03 00 10 00  invoke-static {v0, v1}, boolean java.lang.Double->isNaN(double)
00000024  5a 40 00 00   iput-wide v0, v4, LMain;->d D (0)
00000028  62 05 03 00   sget-object v5, Ljava/lang/System;->out Ljava/io/PrintStream; (3)
00000036  1a 01 0f 00   const-string v1, "The result is equals to: " (15)
00000044  71 20 04 00 21 00  invoke-static {v1, v2}, java.lang.String
                           java.lang.Double->toString(double)
0000004a  0c 01        move-result-object v1
00000052  6e 10 08 00 00 00  invoke-virtual {v0}, java.lang.String
                           java.lang.StringBuilder->toString()
00000058  0c 00        move-result-object v0
00000064  10 00        return-wide v0
BB-End Block
```

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BB-End Block
```

Dalvik Bytecode

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                           java.lang.StringBuilder->toString()
00000058  0c 00          move-result-object v0
00000064  10 00          return-wide v0
BB-End Block
```

The diagram illustrates the mapping between Dalvik bytecode instructions and their corresponding assembly-like representation. The assembly-like representation is shown on the right, and the bytecode instructions are shown on the left. Arrows indicate the mapping:

- The assembly-like instruction `mul-int/lit8 v5, v5, 40` maps to the bytecode instruction `da 05 05 28`.
- The assembly-like instruction `iget v5, v4, LMain;->r I (2)` maps to the bytecode instruction `52 45 02 00`.
- The assembly-like instruction `int-to-double v0, v5` maps to the bytecode instruction `83 50`.
- The assembly-like instruction `invoke-static {v0, v1}, boolean java.lang.Double->isNaN(double)` maps to the bytecode instruction `71 20 03 00 10 00`.
- The assembly-like instruction `iput-wide v0, v4, LMain;->d D (0)` maps to the bytecode instruction `5a 40 00 00`.
- The assembly-like instruction `sget-object v5, Ljava/lang/System;->out Ljava/io/PrintStream; (3)` maps to the bytecode instruction `62 05 03 00`.
- The assembly-like instruction `const-string v1, "The result is equals to: " (15)` maps to the bytecode instruction `1a 01 0f 00`.
- The assembly-like instruction `invoke-static {v1, v2}, java.lang.String java.lang.Double->toString(double)` maps to the bytecode instruction `71 20 04 00 21 00`.
- The assembly-like instruction `move-result-object v1` maps to the bytecode instruction `0c 01`.
- The assembly-like instruction `invoke-virtual {v0}, java.lang.String java.lang.StringBuilder->toString()` maps to the bytecode instruction `6e 10 08 00 00 00`.
- The assembly-like instruction `move-result-object v0` maps to the bytecode instruction `0c 00`.
- The assembly-like instruction `return-wide v0` maps to the bytecode instruction `10 00`.



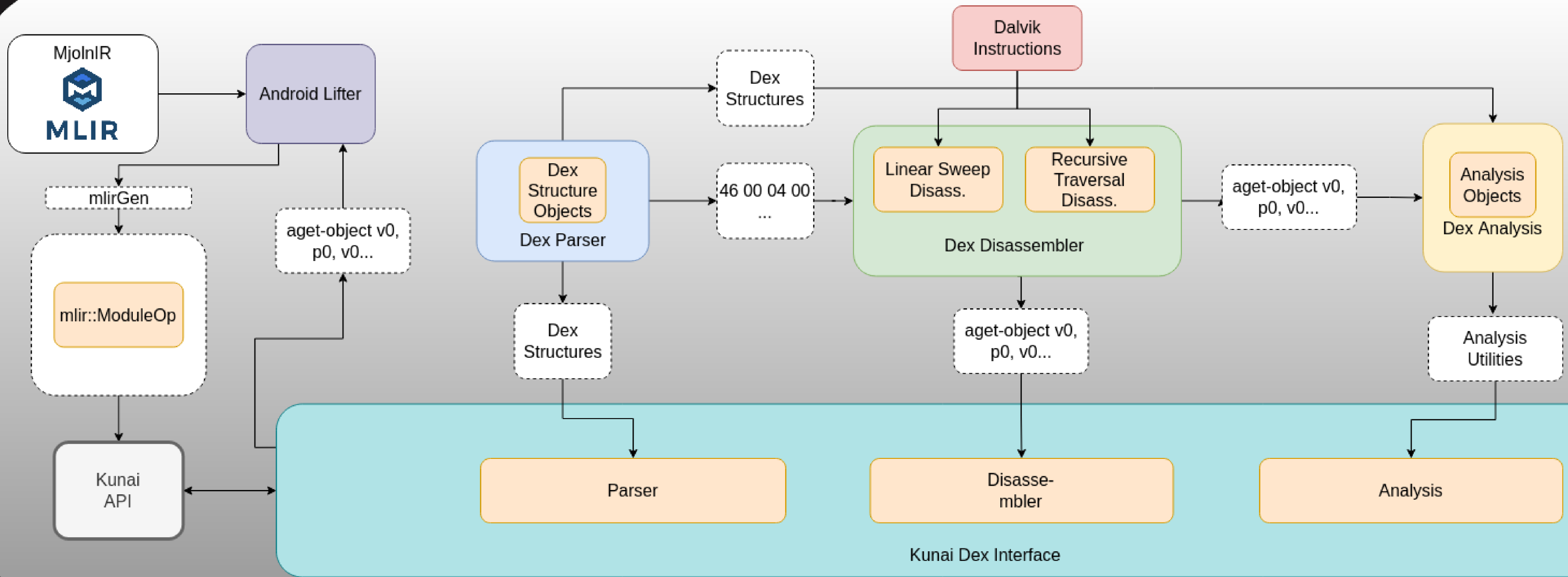
MLIR

Bytecode Analysis

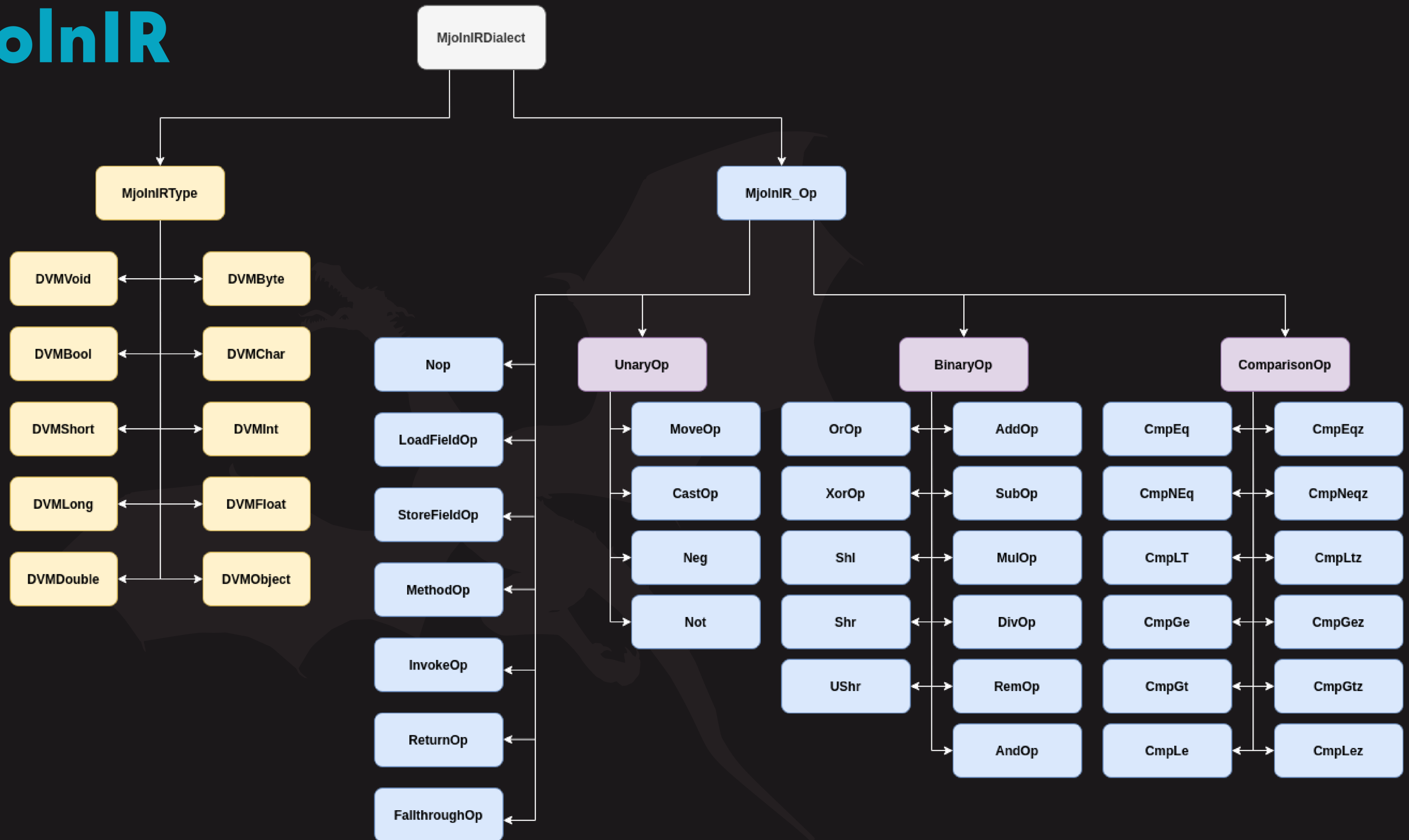


IR Analysis

Kunai



MjolinIR



```

BB-Start Block
BB-0
00000000 90 00 02 03      add-int v0, v2, v3
00000004 92 02 02 00      mul-int v2, v2, v0
00000008 b3 32             div-int/2addr v2, v3
0000000a 58 13 00 00      iget-short v3, v1, LSimple;->test_field S (0)
0000000e 5f 13 00 00      iput-short v3, v1, LSimple;->test_field S (0)
00000012 00 00            nop
00000014 33 20 04 00      if-ne v0, v2, 4
BB-18
00000018 01 02            move v2, v0
0000001a 28 02            goto 30
BB-1c
0000001c 00 00            nop
BB-1e
0000001e 00 00            nop
00000020 0f 02            return v2
BB-End Block

```

← **Dalvik**

MjolnIR →

```

module @"LSimple;" {
  MjolnIR.method @my_add(%arg0: !MjolnIR.dvmint, %arg1: !MjolnIR.dvmint) -> !MjolnIR.dvmint {
    %0 = "MjolnIR.add"(%arg0, %arg1) : (!MjolnIR.dvmint, !MjolnIR.dvmint) -> !MjolnIR.dvmint
    %1 = "MjolnIR.mul"(%arg0, %0) : (!MjolnIR.dvmint, !MjolnIR.dvmint) -> !MjolnIR.dvmint
    %2 = "MjolnIR.div"(%1, %arg1) : (!MjolnIR.dvmint, !MjolnIR.dvmint) -> !MjolnIR.dvmint
    %3 = MjolnIR.loadfield @"LSimple;" -> @test_field(0) : !MjolnIR.dvmshort
    MjolnIR.storefield %3 : !MjolnIR.dvmshort, @"LSimple;" -> @test_field(0)
    "MjolnIR.nop"() : () -> ()
    %4 = "MjolnIR.cmp-neq"(%0, %2) : (!MjolnIR.dvmint, !MjolnIR.dvmint) -> i1
    cf.cond_br %4, ^bb2(%2 : !MjolnIR.dvmint), ^bb1(%0 : !MjolnIR.dvmint)
  ^bb1(%5: !MjolnIR.dvmint): // pred: ^bb0
    %6 = "MjolnIR.move"(%5) : (!MjolnIR.dvmint) -> !MjolnIR.dvmint
    cf.br ^bb3(%6 : !MjolnIR.dvmint)
  ^bb2(%7: !MjolnIR.dvmint): // pred: ^bb0
    "MjolnIR.nop"() : () -> ()
    MjolnIR.fallthrough ^bb3(%7 : !MjolnIR.dvmint)
  ^bb3(%8: !MjolnIR.dvmint): // 2 preds: ^bb1, ^bb2
    "MjolnIR.nop"() : () -> ()
    MjolnIR.return %8 : !MjolnIR.dvmint
  }
}

```

**[HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/FARE9/KUNAI
-STATIC-
ANALYZER/TREE/REFACTORING/KUN
AI-LIB/MJOLNIR](https://github.com/fare9/kunai-static-analyzer/tree/refactoring/kunai-lib/mjolnir)**



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THANK YOU

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